

TABLE 2.1 ONTARIO EXPENDITURES FOR REGULATED CHILD CARE TO MARCH 31, 2023

Capital funding (including school board capital funding) ^{a,b}	\$76,838,438
Ontario Child Care Tax Credit ^a	\$386,231,800
Child Care Operating funding ^{a,c}	\$944,847,457
Child care fee subsidies ^{d,e}	\$674,339,877
EarlyON ^d	\$166,170,903
CWELCC ^d	\$1,301,267,402
Child Care and Early Years Workforce ^d	\$74,944,154
First Nations Operating Funding ^d	\$48,306,973
CMSM/DSSAB cost shared funding ^{d,f}	\$206,683,086
Total regulated child care	\$3,879,630,090

^a Government of Ontario. *Public Accounts of Ontario—Ministry Statements and Schedules 2022–2023*. Retrieved from: <https://files.ontario.ca/tbs-public-accounts-2022-23-ministry-statements-and-schedules-en-2023-09-25.pdf>

^b Includes capital transfer payment funding related to child care and early years under line 1004 (\$1,975,567) and school board capital funding for child care under line 1002 (\$74,862,871).

^c Line 1004-1.

^d Personal communication. Ministry of Education. Department of Early Years and Child Care. February 14, 2024.

^e Includes funding to CMSMs/DSSABs and First Nations. For CMSMs/DSSABs, child care fee subsidies equal 2021 actual fee subsidy expenses. There is no separate allocation for fee subsidy; the prior year actual expenses are used as a proxy. 2022 fee subsidy expenses are unavailable; 2021 has been used in its place. For First Nations, child care fee subsidies are based on the 2022–23 fee subsidy allocations.

^f Ontario requires CMSMs/DSSABs to cost share child care services. Estimate based on the 2022 and 2023 child care allocations.

